



Arthritis Alliance of Canada
Alliance de l'arthrite du Canada

Developing a patient-centered framework for measuring, monitoring and optimizing RA care

Report on the findings of the Balanced Scorecard Project for RA
patients

AAC Final Annual Meeting

November 29th 2019

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CIHR-Funded Project: *Developing a Patient-Centered Framework for Measuring, Monitoring, and Optimizing Rheumatoid Arthritis Care*

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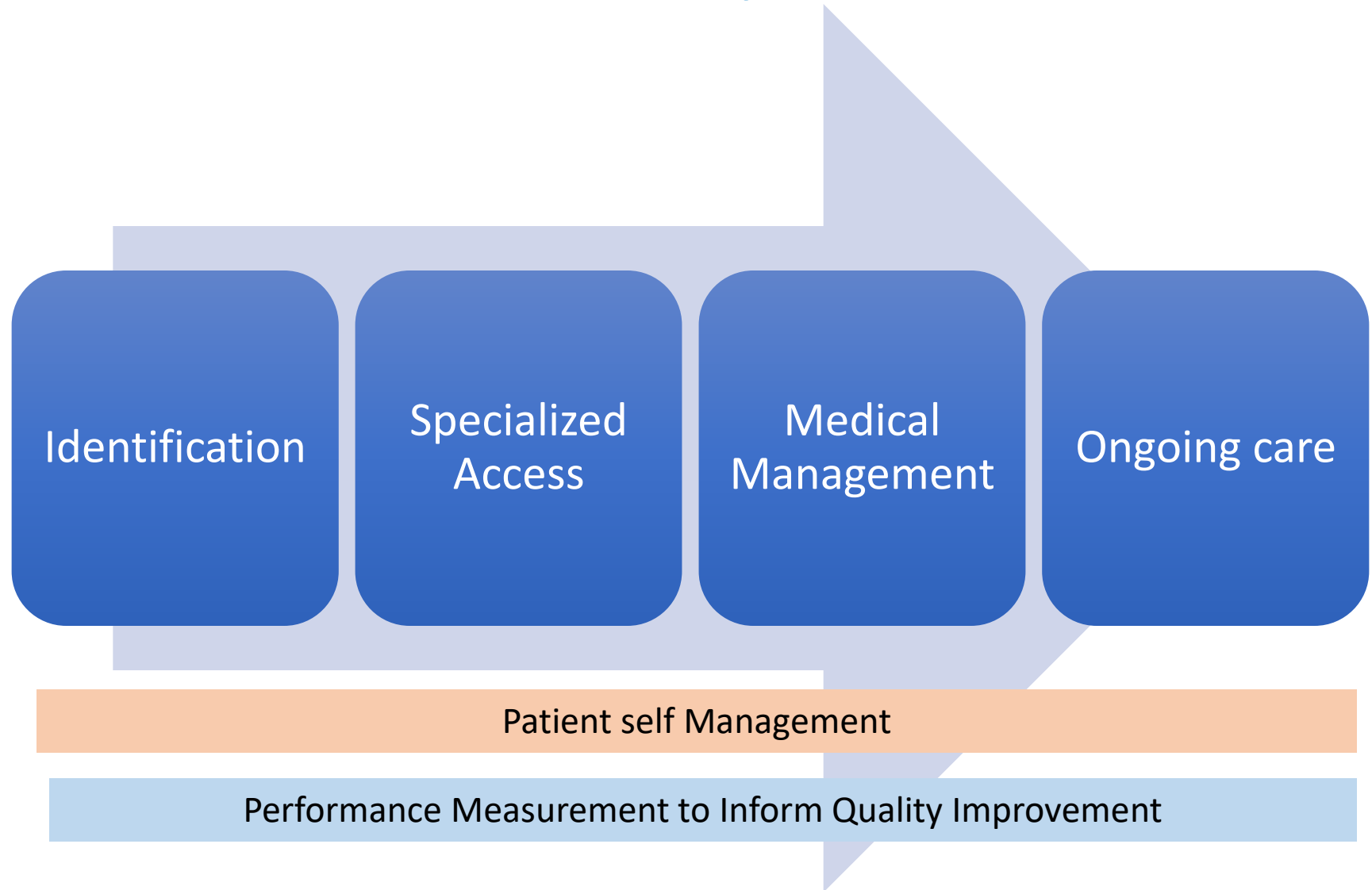
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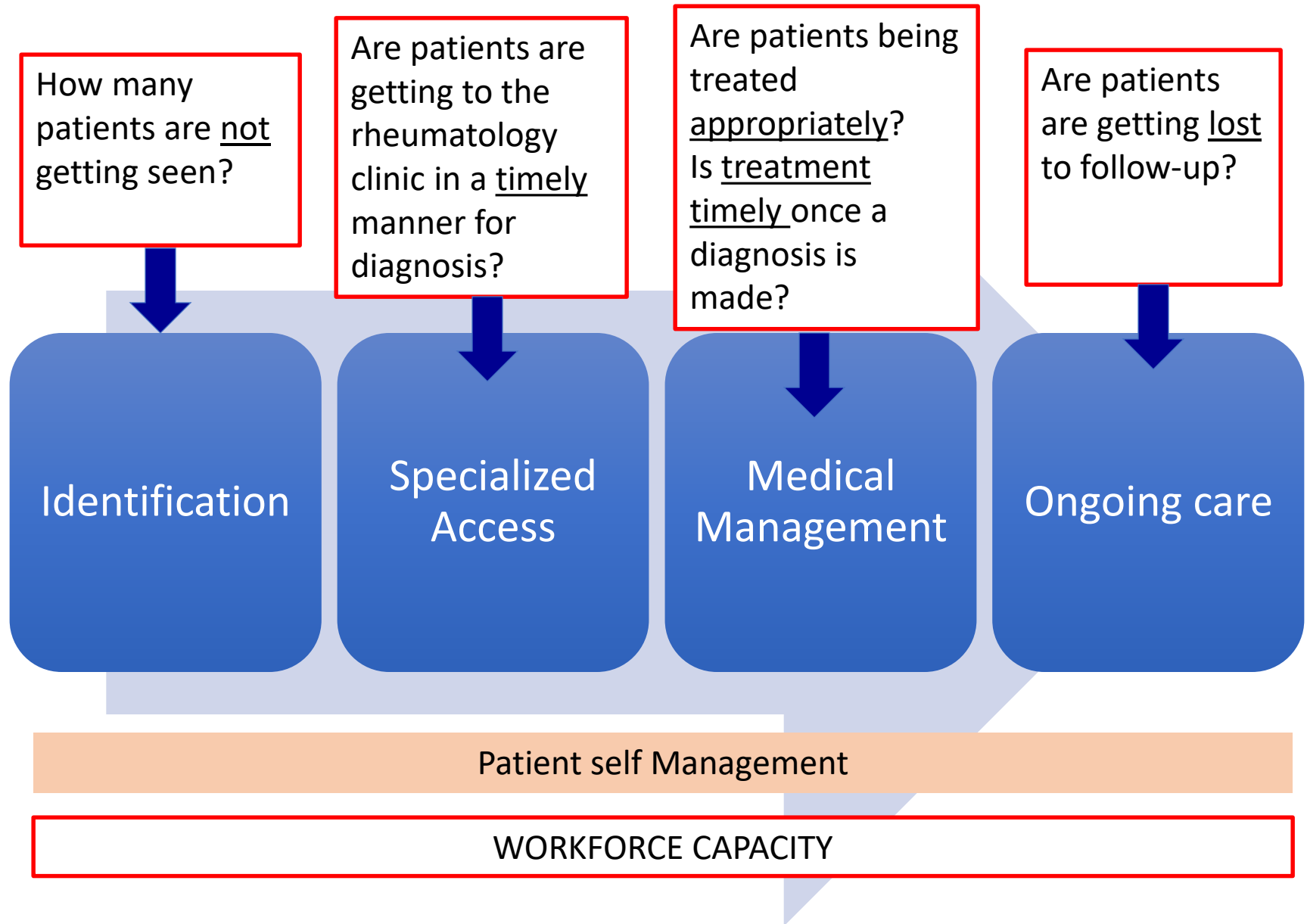
Rheumatology Clinic Staff & Patients

Richmond Road Diagnostic and Treatment Centre
South Health Campus

A Pan-Canadian Approach to Models of Care for Inflammatory Arthritis



Measuring a Model of Care for Inflammatory Arthritis



AAC System-Level Performance Measures- Key learnings to date

- Testing measures in 5 Models of care revealed challenges in measurement¹
- Workforce evaluation revealed a looming shortage of rheumatologists and a regional maldistribution²
- High adherence to performance measures demonstrated in CATCH³
- Provincial measurement- suboptimal access and ongoing follow-up for patients with JIA in Manitoba⁴, and RA Alberta⁵ and BC⁶ with suboptimal DMARD use

¹J Rheumatol 2018; 45(11):1501-08

²J Rheumatol 2017; 44(2):248-257

³Arthritis Care Res 2018; 70(6):842-850

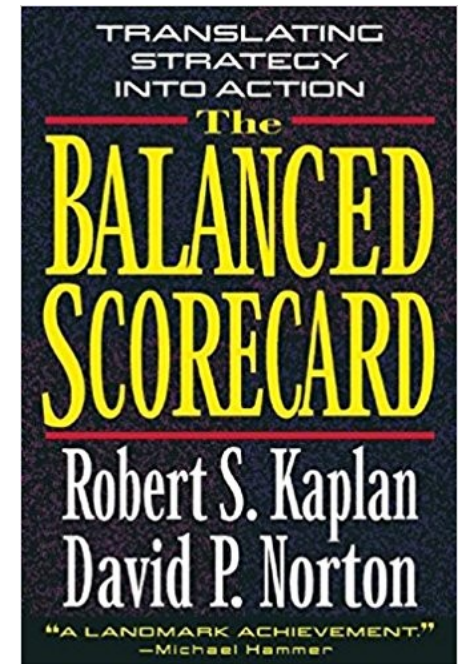
⁴BMC Health Ser Res 2019; 19(1):572

⁵J Rheumatol 2019; 46(7) [abstract]

⁶Submitted Arthritis Care Res

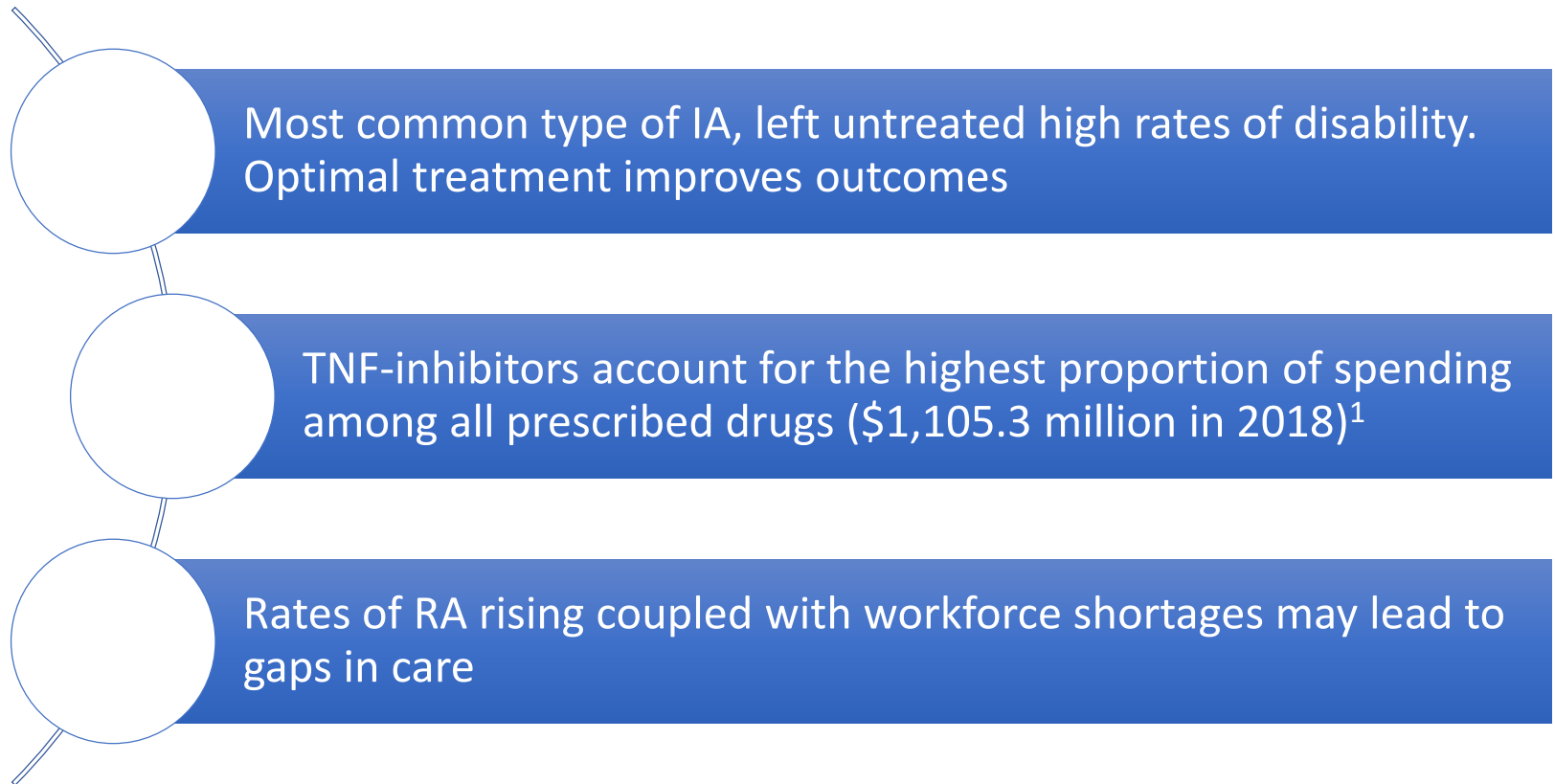
Balanced Scorecard – What is it?

- A tool for system improvement
 - Described originally for business by Kaplan and Norton in 1996
 - Expanded reporting beyond traditional lens of financial performance
 - Allows for tracking of multiple domains representing different stakeholder viewpoints
 - Higher-order system that uses measurements specifically linked to vision, mission, and strategy as the driver of organizational success over time
 - Widely used / highly effective across for-profit and not-for-profit sectors



<https://www.amazon.ca/Balanced-Scorecard-Translating-Strategy-Action/dp/0875846513>

Balanced Scorecard for RA – Why Now?



Given the incredible economic burden of this disease, it is counterintuitive that the quality of RA care, namely the adherence to evidenced-based practices and monitoring of patient outcomes, is not routinely measured and reported in Canada.

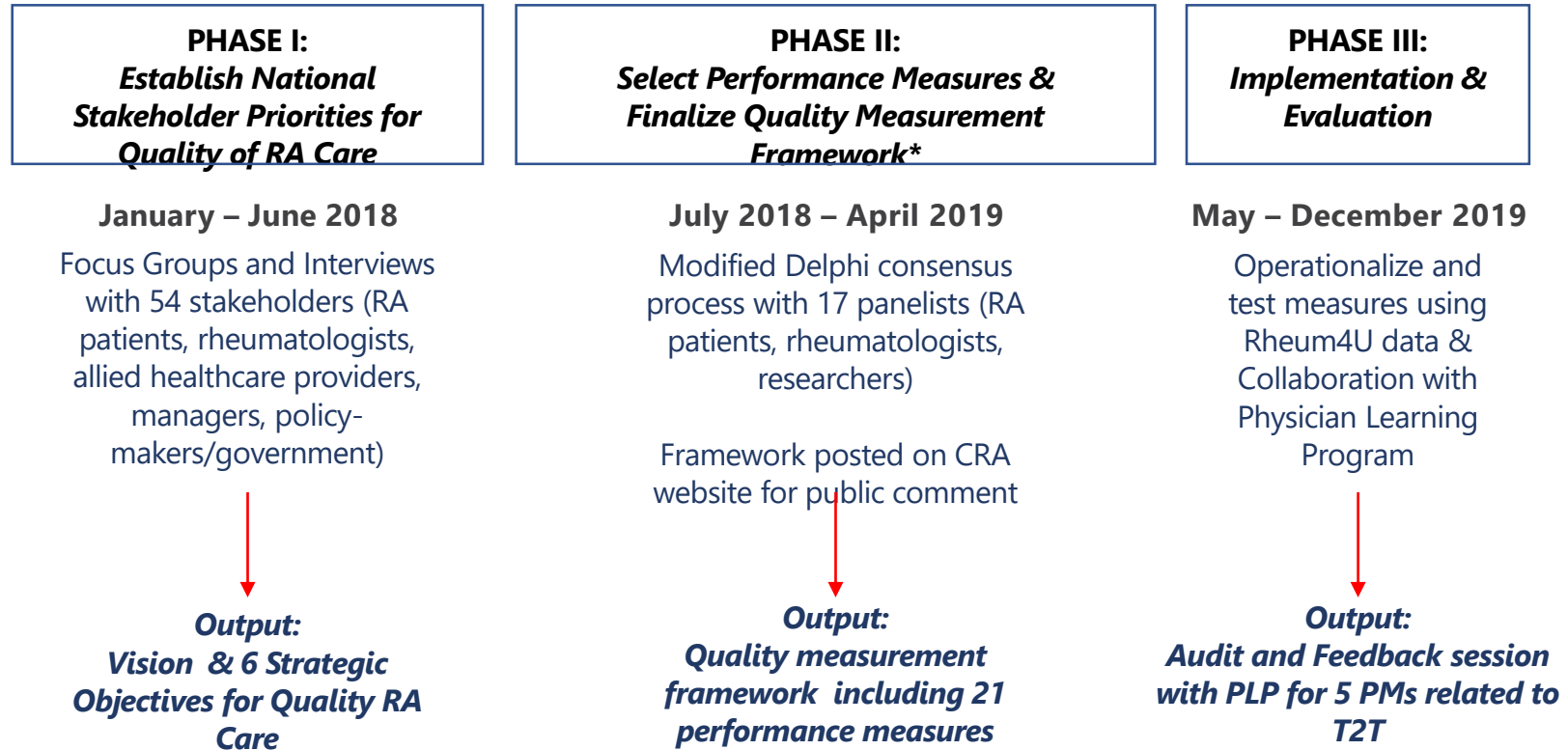
¹CIHI Prescribed Drug Spending in Canada, 2018: A Focus on Public Drug Programs. 2018

Balanced Scorecard – How is it built?

1. Define **Vision** (*what do we want to be in the future*) & **Mission** (*what do we do and who are our clients/stakeholders?*)
2. Define **Strategy**: how do we get from where we are today to our future state (*the vision*)
3. Identify Actions (short-term, specific activities to implement the strategy)
4. **Key Performance Measures**: specific measurements tied to the actions ← what the scorecard is populated with

CIHR-Funded Project

Developing a Patient-Centered Framework for Measuring, Monitoring, and Optimizing Rheumatoid Arthritis Care



Rheum4U implemented, August 2016

Rheum4U recruitment ongoing (> 1,000 patients)

CIHR-Funded Project – Phase 1 & Phase 2 Results

Vision & Six Strategic Objectives for Quality RA Care

21 Performance Measures

VISION: "ENSURING PATIENT-CENTERED, HIGH QUALITY CARE FOR PEOPLE LIVING WITH RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS"

1

To provide early access to rheumatology care and timely diagnosis for patients living with RA.

→ 4 PMs

2

To provide high quality, evidence-based, and patient centered care for ongoing management of RA and comorbidities

→ 12 PMs

3

To provide patients with the right information at the right time to be able to participate as informed partners in their care and be supported to self-manage as appropriate.

→ 1 PM

4

To provide access to multidisciplinary healthcare providers with training and expertise in the assessment and management of RA.

→ 0 PMs

5

To measure and optimize outcomes for patients living with RA, such as disease activity, pain, function, fatigue, and quality of life.

→ 4 PMs

6

To measure and optimize patient experience & satisfaction with care

→ 0 PMs

EQUITY

Rheum4U¹

- Electronic platform for capturing patient data related to care for inflammatory arthritis since 2016, >1,000 patients enrolled
- Enables:
 - Patients to enter routine medical forms online, at home or in the clinic
 - Rheumatologists and clinic staff to enter and access patient information during clinical appointments
 - Measure reporting and feedback to support research quality improvement



¹Clin Exp Rheumatol. 2019; 37:385-92

Physician Learning Program

- Physician driven AMA benefit program
- Based at University of Calgary and University of Alberta
- Facilitation of audit and feedback
- Vision: By 2025, all Alberta physicians will care for patients in a supportive culture, driven by evidence-informed, reflective practice improvement
- Benefits:
 - Eligible for self-directed CPD credits

Treat-to-Target

According to current Canadian RA guidelines¹:

*“...**the goal of RA treatment is remission** and, when not possible, minimal disease activity while controlling symptoms, preventing damage, preventing disability and improving quality of life.”¹*

- RA care providers should monitor disease activity as frequently as every 1 – 3 months in patients with active RA
- Traditional and biologic DMARD therapy should be adjusted every 3 – 6 months as long as the goal has not been achieved



¹Bykerk et al., J Rheumatol; 2012 39:1559-82

Treat-to-Target Performance Measures (PMs)

1. Percentage of RA patients seen in follow-up by a rheumatology team member at least once per year²
2. Percentage of RA patients with $\geq 50\%$ of total number of outpatient encounters in the measurement year with assessment of disease activity using a standardized measure (DAS28 ESR or CRP, CDAI)³
3. Percentage of RA patients seen within 3 months when remission has not been achieved^{4*}
4. Percentage of RA patients with active RA who have low disease activity or remission within 6 months^{5*}
5. Percentage of RA patients in remission during the measurement period^{6*}

³ Barber et al., *J Rheumatol.* 2016; 43:530-40

⁴ Yazdany et al, *Arthritis Care Res.* 2016; 68:1579-90

⁵ Van Hulst et al, *Ann Rheum Dis.* 2009; 68:1805-10

⁶ Petersson et al., *Ann Rheum Dis* 2013; 73(5):906-8

⁷ Van Hulst et al, *Ann Rheum Dis.* 2009; 68:1805-10

* Measure assessed separately for visits and patients

Percentage of RA **patients** with active RA for whom low disease activity or remission was achieved within 6 months

<i>Numerator</i>	# patients with at least 1 visit where active disease was proven that have a follow-up visit within 6 months where low disease activity or remission was proven.
<i>Denominator</i>	# patients with at least 1 visit during the measurement year where active disease was proven



- ❑ Active disease = DAS28 ESR or CRP > 3.2 or CDAI > 10
- ❑ Low disease activity or remission = DAS28 ESR or CRP < 3.2 or CDAI < 10

Exclusions:

- ❑ Patients were removed from the denominator if it was documented that treatment was refused at the visit where active disease was proven
- ❑ For physician-specific reporting, patients were excluded if the index and follow-up visits were not with the same physician
- ❑ Patients who withdrew from Rheum4U or were lost to follow-up for any other reason during the measurement year were not included in the analysis

Cohort Baseline Demographic Characteristics

- Measurement years 2017, 2018

Cohort Inclusion Criteria:

- ✓ Rheum4U patient
- ✓ Confirmed diagnosis of RA
- ✓ At least 1 clinic visit at RRDTTC or SHC Rheumatology Clinic
- ✓ Have "active status" in Rheum4U for entire measurement year

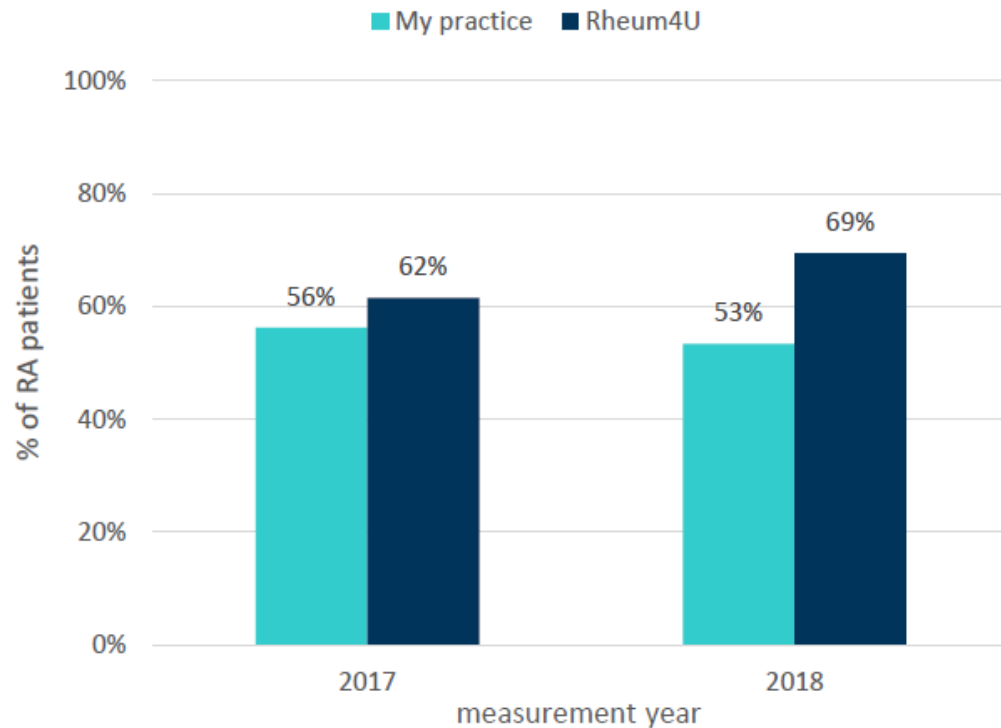
Baseline Demographic Characteristics

Cohort (n)	454	By year of cohort entry (n) 2016 = 79, 2017 = 127, 2018 = 248	
% Female*	78%		
	Mean (SD)	Median (IQR)	Range
Age at first Rheum4U visit (y)	55.7 (13.9)	57.54 (46.7 - 65.4)	20.8 - 92.9
Disease Duration at first Rheum4U visit (y)	7.8 (9.3)	5.0 (1.0 - 11.3)	- 0.7 - 50.2

* $n = 448$, 6 patients missing demographic information

Percentage of RA **patients** with active RA for whom low disease activity or remission was achieved within 6 months

% of patients



My 2018
RA patients

53%
(24 / 45)

2018 Rheum4U
RA patients

69%
(93 / 134)

Limitations

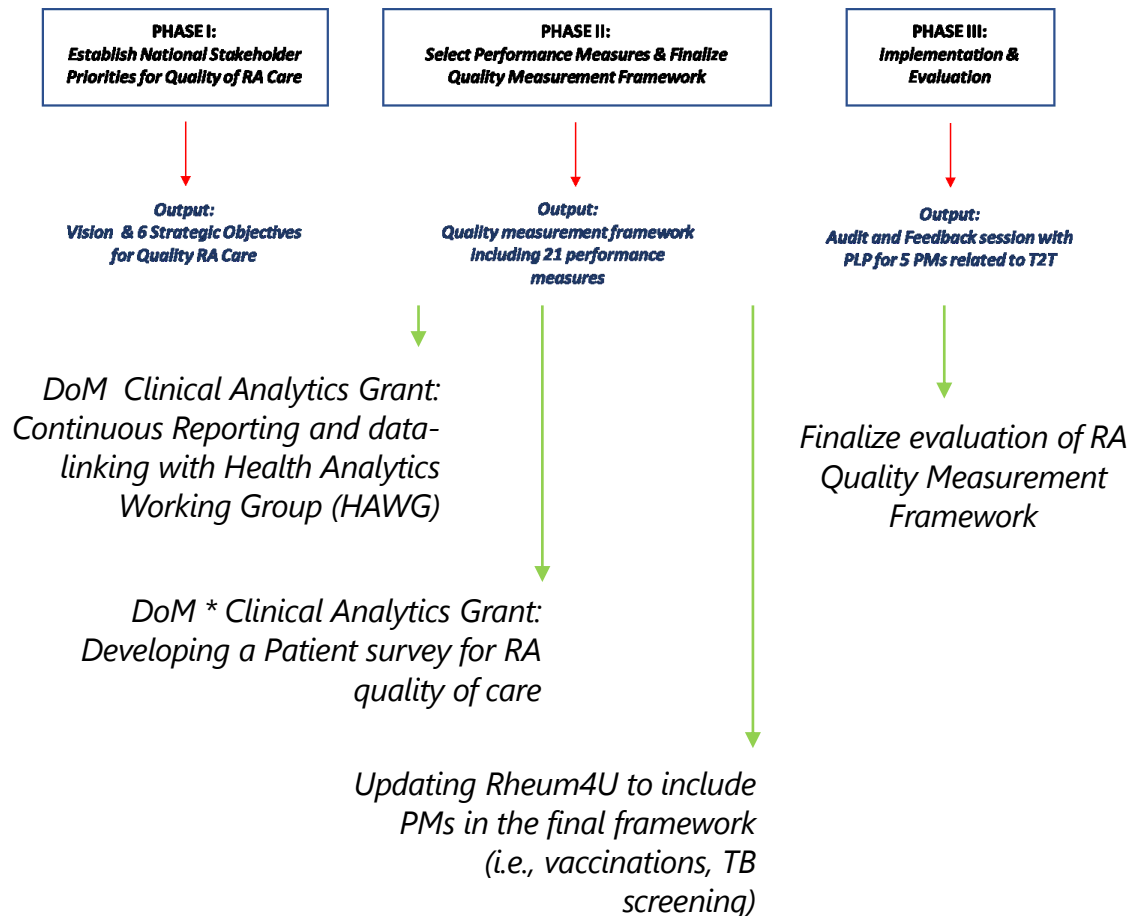
- Results were calculated using data for RA patients in Rheum4U; thus, results are not representative of all RA patients seen in the RRDTC and the SHC clinics.
- Results reflect practice patterns of only those physicians recruiting patients to Rheum4U.
- Patient data in Rheum4U is recorded at all clinic visits; thus, due to changes in scheduling, it is possible that a visit could have been missed.

Ideas for Improvement

- Increase use of measurement through Rheum4U with reporting to target treatment/care
- Mechanisms for tracking patients lost to follow-up
- Different mechanisms for follow-up for patients who are stable, in low-disease activity, or remission vs patients in moderate/high disease activity
- Patient portal to help with education/awareness around T2T
- Physician dashboards to view metrics for practice and for individual patients at point of care

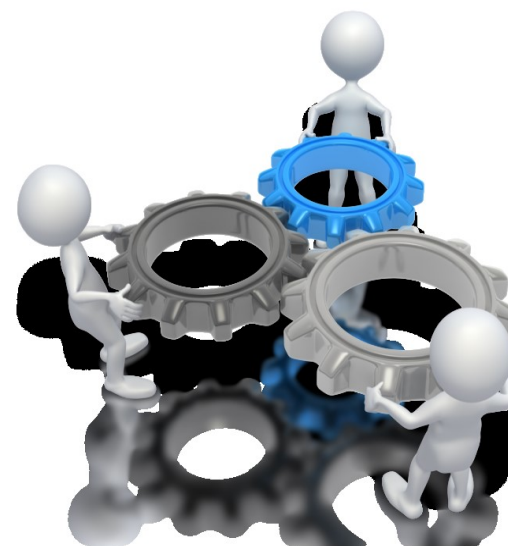
CIHR-Funded Project – *Moving Forward*

Developing a Patient-Centered Framework for Measuring, Monitoring, and Optimizing Rheumatoid Arthritis Care



Initiatives to consider tracking in a similar way:

- Shared Decision-Making / Decision-Aids
 - Gout
- Ankylosing Spondylitis
 - Others?



Ongoing Rheum4U recruitment



CIHR Project Research Team

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